



Déterminez quel nombre peut résoudre chaque groupe de deux équations.

Ex)  $16 \div 2 = \underline{\quad}$   
 $\underline{\quad} \times 2 = 16$

1)  $18 \div 3 = \underline{\quad}$   
 $\underline{\quad} \times 3 = 18$

2)  $30 \div 5 = \underline{\quad}$   
 $\underline{\quad} \times 5 = 30$

3)  $12 \div 2 = \underline{\quad}$   
 $\underline{\quad} \times 2 = 12$

4)  $2 \div 1 = \underline{\quad}$   
 $\underline{\quad} \times 1 = 2$

5)  $48 \div 8 = \underline{\quad}$   
 $\underline{\quad} \times 8 = 48$

6)  $54 \div 6 = \underline{\quad}$   
 $\underline{\quad} \times 6 = 54$

7)  $8 \div 1 = \underline{\quad}$   
 $\underline{\quad} \times 1 = 8$

8)  $24 \div 3 = \underline{\quad}$   
 $\underline{\quad} \times 3 = 24$

9)  $18 \div 2 = \underline{\quad}$   
 $\underline{\quad} \times 2 = 18$

10)  $14 \div 2 = \underline{\quad}$   
 $\underline{\quad} \times 2 = 14$

11)  $9 \div 9 = \underline{\quad}$   
 $\underline{\quad} \times 9 = 9$

12)  $63 \div 9 = \underline{\quad}$   
 $\underline{\quad} \times 9 = 63$

13)  $4 \div 4 = \underline{\quad}$   
 $\underline{\quad} \times 4 = 4$

14)  $28 \div 4 = \underline{\quad}$   
 $\underline{\quad} \times 4 = 28$

15)  $6 \div 3 = \underline{\quad}$   
 $\underline{\quad} \times 3 = 6$

16)  $8 \div 2 = \underline{\quad}$   
 $\underline{\quad} \times 2 = 8$

17)  $36 \div 9 = \underline{\quad}$   
 $\underline{\quad} \times 9 = 36$

18)  $27 \div 3 = \underline{\quad}$   
 $\underline{\quad} \times 3 = 27$

19)  $10 \div 5 = \underline{\quad}$   
 $\underline{\quad} \times 5 = 10$

20)  $56 \div 8 = \underline{\quad}$   
 $\underline{\quad} \times 8 = 56$

**Réponses**Ex. **8** \_\_\_\_\_

1. \_\_\_\_\_

2. \_\_\_\_\_

3. \_\_\_\_\_

4. \_\_\_\_\_

5. \_\_\_\_\_

6. \_\_\_\_\_

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9. \_\_\_\_\_

10. \_\_\_\_\_

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12. \_\_\_\_\_

13. \_\_\_\_\_

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15. \_\_\_\_\_

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**Réponses**Ex. 81. 62. 63. 64. 25. 66. 97. 88. 89. 910. 711. 112. 713. 114. 715. 216. 417. 418. 919. 220. 7